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#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

Safety data sheet according to (EF) no. 1907/2006.

# POINT 1: Identification of material/compounds and of the company/factory

#### Product identifier:

Staldren® Green

# 1.2. Relevant identifying use of the material or compound and the usage that is contraindicated:

Dry hygiene solution for stables.

### 1.3. Detailed information about the supplier for the safety data sheet:

Jorenku A/S

Teglvaerksvej 11

4733 Tappernoeje

Denmark

Tel.: +45 56214070

Responsible for safety data sheet (e-mail): jorenku@jorenku.dk

## 1.4. Emergency phone:

Contact the poison centre in your own country.

### **POINT 2: Identification of danger**

# 2.1. Classification of the material or compound:

CLP (1272/2008): None.

### 2.2. Label elements:

None

# 2.3. Other dangers:

PBT/vPvB: The ingredients are not PBT/vPvB according to the criteria in REACH annex XIII. Endocrine disrupting properties: The ingredients are not considered endocrine disruptors according to the criteria of Regulation 2017/2100 or Regulation 2018/605.

# **POINT 3: Compensation of/information about contents**

# 3.1. Compensation of/information about contents

#### 3.2. Compounds:

o compounds.						
Substance	CAS	EF-No.	Index-no.	REACH reg.no.	Substance	Note
name					Classification	
Sodium	7681-52-9	231-668-3	017-011-00-1	-	Skin Corr. 1B;H314	1,2
hypo-					Eye Dam. 1;H318	
chlorite					Aquatic Acute 1;H400 (M=10)	
					Aquatic Chronic 1;H410 (M=1)	
					EIIII021	

- 1) SCL (Specific Concentration limits) for classification: EUH031:  $C \ge 5 \%$ (Harmonised classification)
- The solution's content of active chlorine is below 0.25%. The substance can release volatile 2) chlorine.

Version 2 Revision date 5. August 2022



The wording of the hazard statements - see paragraph 16.

#### **POINT 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures:

Bring the person to fresh air. Blow the nose. Keep calm under supervision. In case of Inhalation:

discomfort: Seek medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin and wash thoroughly with water and soap. In

case of discomfort: Seek medical attention.

Thoroughly rinse with water or physiological saline. If possibly remove contact lenses Eyes:

and open the eye wide. By continued irritation: Seek medical attention.

Immediately rinse mouth thoroughly and drink water in copious amounts. Keep under Ingestion:

supervision In case of discomfort: Seek medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Dusty powder can cause sneezing, runny nose and cough. Dust irritates the eyes with redness and watery eyes. By formation of chlorine vapors, there is a risk of water in the lungs (lung edema), with symptoms (shortness of breath) that may occur several hours after exposure.

# 4.3. Indication of whether emergency medical attention and special treatment are needed:

Show this safety data sheet to doctors or casualty ward.

### **POINT 5: Fire suppression**

### **5.1. Suppression methods:**

Not flammable. Against surrounding fire: Water fogging (never water jet - spreads the fire), foam, powder or carbon dioxide.

### 5.2. Special dangers in connection with the material or compound:

In case of fire, corrosive hydrogen chloride and chlorine are released.

#### **5.3. Indication for a fire department:**

Use compressed air mask for heavy smoke from surrounding fire.

#### **POINT 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, personal protective equipment, and emergency procedures:

Use personal protective equipment - see point 8. Limit dust formation. Ensure good ventilation.

# **6.2. Environmental protection indications:**

Avoid discharge to drains - see point 12. Inform local environmental authorities in case of spillage to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and equipment for containment and cleaning:

Collected and handled as chemical waste. Rinse thoroughly with water. Further waste handling - see point 13.

#### **6.4.** References to other points:

See above.

Version 2

Revision date 5. August 2022



## **POINT 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Measures for safe handling:

Avoid dust formation and spreading. Ensure effective ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. After use, wash with plenty of water and soap. Work must take place separate from acids (acid will release toxic and volatile chlorine fumes).

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibility:

In well-closed original container, cool and protected from moisture.

### 7.3. Special usage:

See use - point 1.

### PUNKT 8: Exposure control/personal protective equipment

# 8.1. Control parameter:

AT-limit value (reg. 1054 of 28.06.2022):

	8-hours limit value	Short-term limit value	Anm.
Mineral dust, inert	$10 \text{ mg/m}^3$	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
Mineral dust, inert,	$5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$10 \text{ mg/m}^3$	-
respirabel			
Chlorine	-	$0.5 \text{ ppm} = 1.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	E

**DNEL/PNEC:** None set.

# 8.2. Exposure control:

Annearance

Appropriate measures for exposure control: Provide effective ventilation, especially if the product is blown into the stable.

Personal protective equipment:

Inhalation: By dusty work: Use approved mask (EN149) with particle filter P2. The filters have a

limited service life (must be changed). Read the manufacturer's instructions.

Skin: Use protective gloves (EN374) of nitrile rubber. Breakthrough time: 8 hours.

Close-fitting safety glasses (EN166) in case of risk of eye contact. Eyes:

Environmental exposure controls: Avoid release to the environment.

## **POINT 9: Physical and chemical characteristics**

# 9.1. Information about basic physical and chemical characteristics:

Appearance:	Powdei
Colour:	White
Odor:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point (°C):	Not decided
Boiling point or bubble-point and boiling point interval (°C):	Not decided
Ignitability (solid, gaseous):	Not decided
Upper/lower explosion limits (vol-%):	Not decided
Flash point (°C):	Not decided
Auto-ignition temperature (°C):	Not decided
Self-accelerating decomposition temperature (°C):	Not relevant
pH:	7,3
Kinematic viscosity (mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 40°C):	Not decided
Solubility (mg/l):	Soluble in water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water Log K <sub>ow</sub> :	Not relevant - solution

Page 3 of 7 Version 2 Revision date 5. August 2022

(see point 12)



Vapor pressure (hPa, 20°C):

Density and/or relative density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>):

Relative vapor density (air=1):

Particulate properties:

Not decided 1,073-1,089 Not decided No information

None relevant.

#### 9.2. Other information:

**POINT 10: Stability and reactivity** 

10.1. Reactivity:

No known.

# 10.2. Chemical stability:

Stable under recommended storage conditions - see point 7. Sodium hypochlorite is strongly oxidizing and therefore disinfecting.

## 10.3. Risk of dangerous reactions:

No known.

#### 10.4. Conditions that should be avoided:

Avoid all heating (toxic chlorine gas is formed when heated).

## 10.5. Materials that should be avoided:

Avoid all contact with acids (Sodium hypochlorite releases toxic and volatile chlorine by contact with acid)

Furtheremore, sodium hypochlorite can react with organic substances, reducing compounds and massive metals.

# 10.6. Dangerous decomposition products:

By strong heating, toxic chlorine gases and corrosive hydrogen chloride are formed.

# **POINT 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information about hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproduction toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Single STOT-exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated STOT-exposures: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Danger class	Data	Test	Data source
Acute toxicity:			
Inhalation	$LC_{50}$ (rat) > 10.5 mg/l (Sodium hypochlorite)	Not informed	IUCLID
Dermal	$LD_{50}^{30}$ (rabbit) > 10000 mg/kg (Sodium hypochlorite)	Not informed	IUCLID
Oral	$LD_{50}^{\circ}$ (rat) > 2000 mg/kg (Solution)	Not informed	Scantox
	$LD_{50}^{30}$ (rat) = 8200 mg/kg (Sodium hypochlorite)	Not informed	IUCLID
	$LD_{50}$ (rat) > 2000 mg/kg (Solution)	Not informed	Scantox



Danger class	Data	Test	Data source
Corrosivity/irritation:	Skin irritation, rabbit (Sodium hypochlorite)	OECD 404	IUCLID
	Eye corrosion, human (Sodium hypochlorite)	Not informed	IUCLID
Sensitisation:	Skin sensitisation, human (Sodium hypochlorite)	Patch	IUCLID
CMR:	No mutagenicity, rat, oral, 900 mg/kg	DNA damage	IUCLID
	(Sodium hypochlorite)	Not informed	IUCLID
	No carcinogenicity, rodent, oral, 275 mg chlorine/l, 2Y	Life	IUCLID
	No reproductive toxicity, rodent		
	(Sodium hypochlorite)		

Usual exposure methods: Lungs, skin and gastrointestinal tract.

Inhalation: Dust can have an irritating effect on the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract

> with throat ache and cough and shortness of breath. When chlorine vapor is formed, there may be a risk of water in the lungs (lung edema). Be aware that the symptoms

(shortness of breath) can occur several hours after exposure.

Skin: May be mild irritating. Chlorine vapors can be absorbed through the skin.

May be irritating with redness and sting. Eyes:

Ingestion: May be absorbed through the gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic

effects: Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time can cause lung diseases.

#### **11.2. Information about other hazards:** None known.

#### **POINT 12: Environmental information**

## **12.1.** Toxicity:

Aquatic	Data (For Sodium hypochlorite)	Test (Media)	Data
			source
Fish	$LC_{50}$ (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, 96h) = 0.023-0.052 mg Cl2/l	Flow through (FW)	IUCLID
Crustacean	$EC_{50}$ (Ceriodaphnia sp., 24h) = 0.006 mg hypochlorite/l	Not informed	IUCLID
Alga	$EC_{50}$ (Skeletonema costatum, 24h) = 0.095 Cl2/l	Not informed	IUCLID

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability:

The ingredients are inorganic. Methods for determining the biodegradability do not apply to inorganic substances.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:

No available/applicable data.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil:

No available/applicable data.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

The ingredients are not PBT/vPvB according to the criteria in REACH annex XIII.

### 12.6. Endocrine-disrupting capacities:

None known.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects:

None known.

Version 2

Revision date 5. August 2022

#### POINT 13: Removal

# 13.1. Methods for waste handling:

Use the local authority's collection scheme.

**Chemical waste group: EAK-code:** 02 01 06

### **POINT 14: Transport information**

Not covered by the transport regulations (ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA).

14.1. UN-number or ID-number: None.

**14.2. UN-shipment designation (UN proper shipping name):** None.

14.3. Transport danger class(es): None.

14.4. Packaging group: None.

**14.5. Environmental dangers:** None.

**14.6. Special regulations for the user:** None.

14.7. Bulk transport by sea according to IMO instruments: Not relevant.

# **POINT 15: Information about regulations**

15.1. Special determinations/special rules for the material or compound with respect to safety, health and environment:

None.

## 15.2. Chemical safety evaluation:

No CSR.

## **POINT 16: Other information**

### Hazard statements given under point 3:

EUH 031: Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Abbreviations:**

AT = Working environment authority

CMR = carcinogenic, mutagenic, or toxic to reproduction

CSR = Chemical Safety Report

DNEL = Derived No-Effect Level

EC<sub>50</sub> = Effect Concentration 50 %

LC<sub>50</sub> = Lethal Concentration 50 %

 $LD_{50}$  = Lethal dosage 50 %

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration

FW = Fresh Water

vPvB = very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

#### Literature:

IUCLID = International Uniform Chemical Database Information Scantox test reports



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# **Advice on training / instruction:**

The product may only be used by persons who are carefully instructed in the execution of the work and who have knowledge of the contents of this safety data sheet.

# Changes since previous version:

8.

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Page 7 of 7